

**PETRAGEN**  
novel therapeutics for periodontal disease

# LIFE SCIENCE STARTUP & DOMAIN EXPERTISE

**Petragen was founded Aug. 2020; Closed on >\$1m of seed capital in Mar. 2021**

**Based on biology developed by Dr. Braddock; also basis for the spinout Inozyme**



**Demetrios Braddock, MD, PhD**

- Associate Professor of Pathology, Yale University
- Scientific Founder, Inozyme (NASDAQ: INZY)
- Founder & CSO, Petragen, Inc.
- Expert in ENPP1 biology (our target)



**David Kolb, MBA**

- 10+ yrs life science investment banking; 3 yrs equity research
- 12 yrs as life science entrepreneur and executive
- Founder of 3 previous university spinouts (2 exited; 1 active)
- Founder & CEO, Petragen, Inc.



**Martha Somerman, DDS, PhD**

- Former Director of the National Institute of Dental and Craniofacial Research (NIDCR) at NIH
- Chief of the Laboratory of Oral Connective Tissue Biology at the National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases
- Co-inventor on Petragen IP



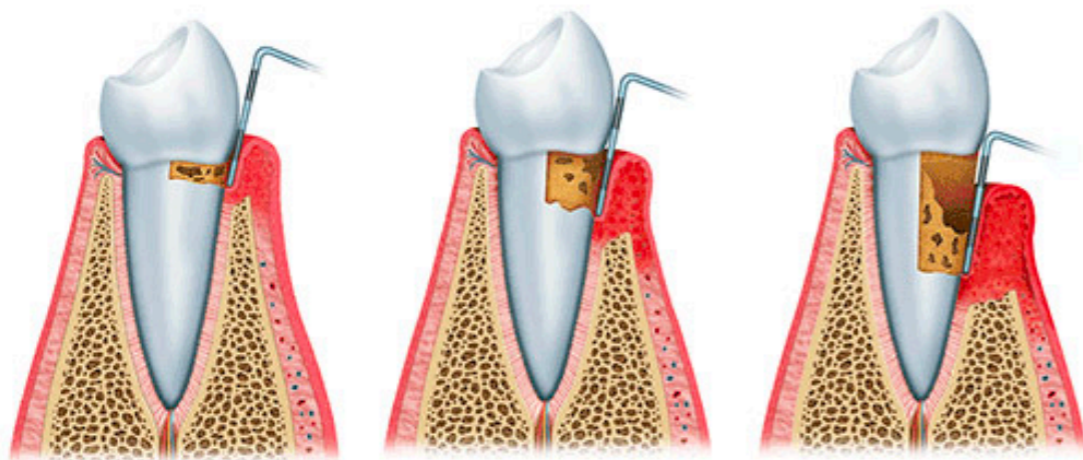
**Enrique De La Cruz, PhD**

- Professor and Chair of Molecular Biophysics and Biochemistry; Head, Branford College
- Co-inventor on Petragen IP

# WHAT PROBLEM ARE WE TRYING TO SOLVE?

## PERIODONTAL DISEASE: NOT SEXY BUT STILL A BIG PROBLEM

### The Disease



MILD  
PERIODONTITIS  
3 MM - 5 MM

MODERATE  
PERIODONTITIS  
5 MM - 7 MM

SEVERE  
PERIODONTITIS  
7 MM AND ABOVE

26.8 million  
≥2 tooth/pt

7.6 million  
≥1 tooth/pt

**\$5 Billion Est. Opportunity  
In the U.S. Alone**

### Standard of Care



Scaling

Root Planing

Procedure: Scaling & Root Planing (SRP)

Cost: ~\$370; Benefit: ~1mm

**Pocket depth = Clinical endpoints**

**Arestin**<sup>®</sup>  
minocycline HCl 1mg  
Microspheres

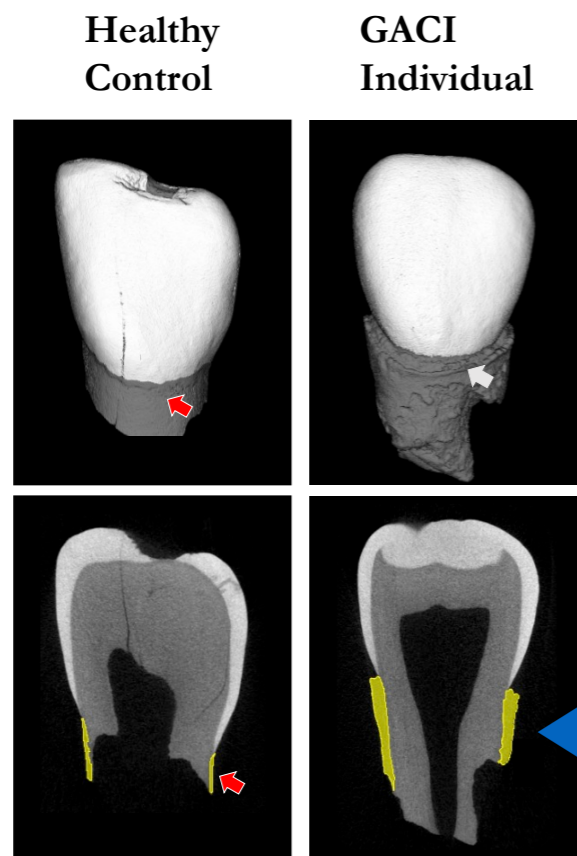
Therapeutic: Arestin<sup>®</sup> (minocycline)

Cost: ~\$87/tooth; Benefit: ~0.3mm

*Lack of care can lead to implants (\$10K+), nutritional issues and other diseases.*

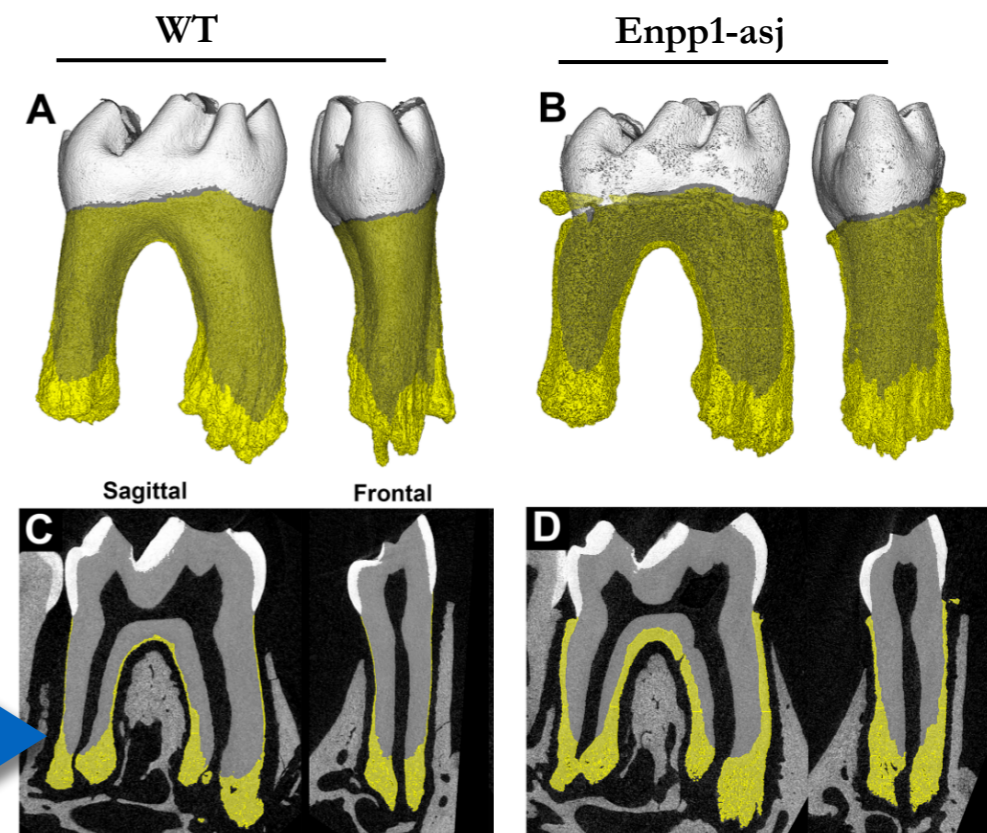
# EXTENDING HUMAN PROOF OF CONCEPT

## HUMAN PROOF OF CONCEPT HUMAN



Observed cementum build-up in ENPP1 mutant patients

## MURINE VALIDATION OF TARGET Mouse Model

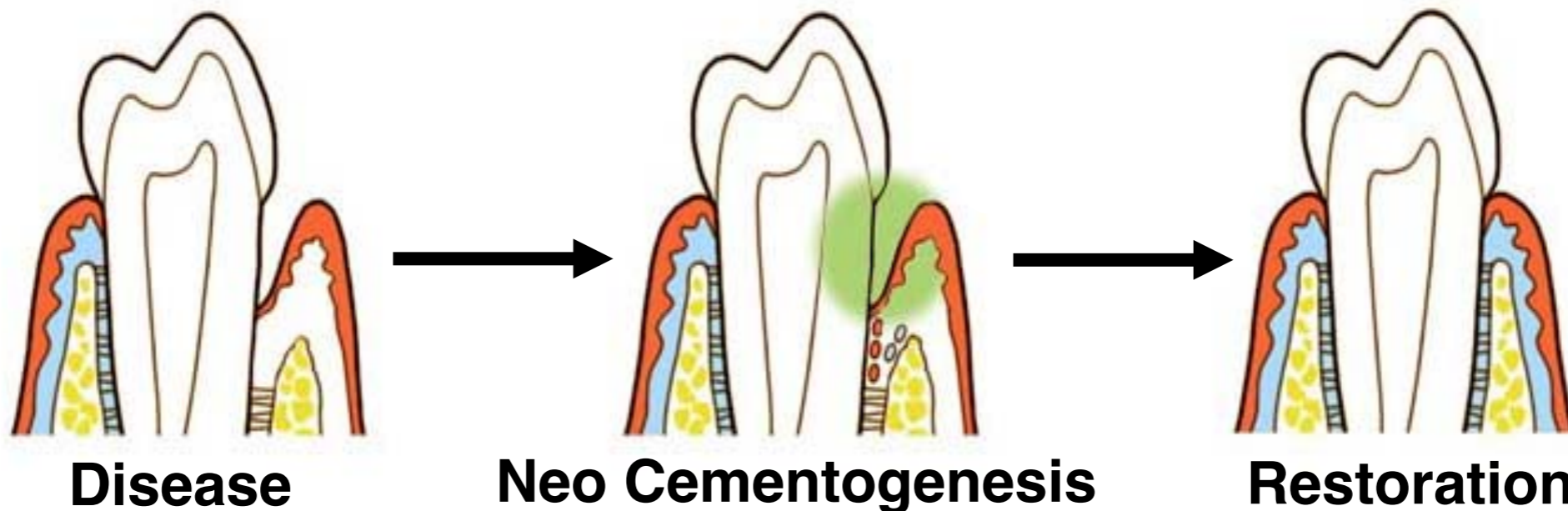


Missense Mutation of *Enpp1* gene leads to severe osteoarthritis but also an observable buildup of cementum

asj = ages with stiffening joints

# SO WHAT'S THE THERAPEUTIC STRATEGY?

**Replicate the known ENPP1 inhibition phenotype LOCALLY . . .  
. . . and drive neocementogenesis in the periodontal pocket**

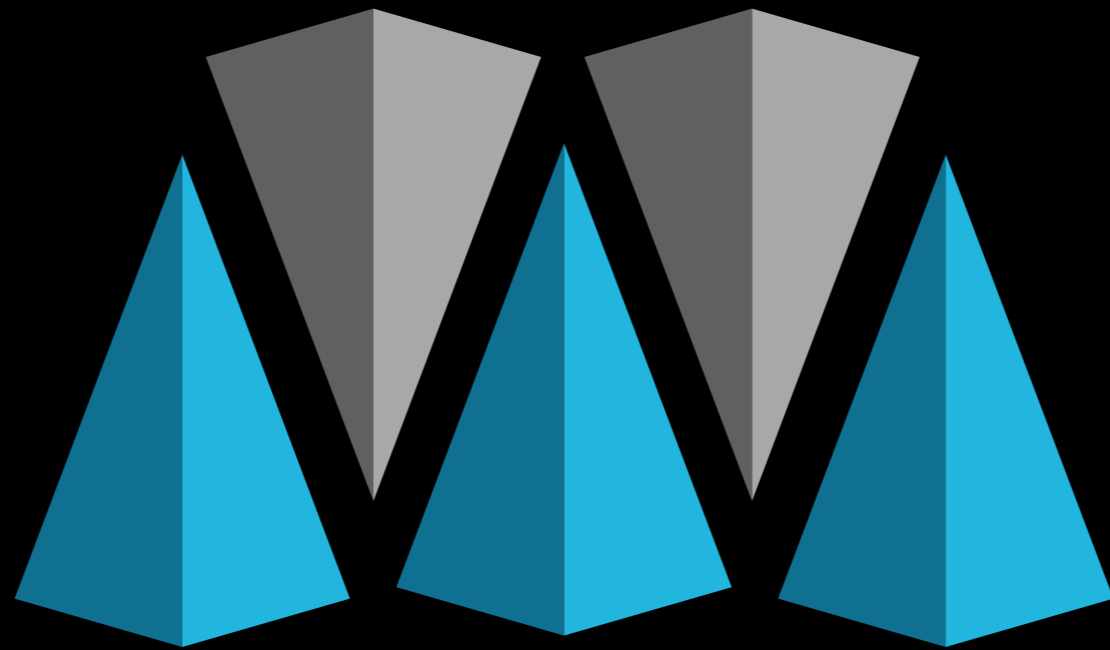


**We expect that by avoiding systemic distribution and by using a micro-dose of inhibitor we should avoid any systemic toxicities**

# IN A NUTSHELL (WHAT TO REMEMBER)



- ✓ Human proof of concept
- ✓ Known inhibitors in hand; optimization ongoing
- ✓ IP portfolio covers (current/in process) method of use, composition of matter, formulation and dosing
- ✓ Standard of care not getting it done
- ✓ \$5B U.S. opportunity (+ animal health)
- ✓ Known regulatory path and endpoints
- ✓ Limited capital needs; value inflection points near

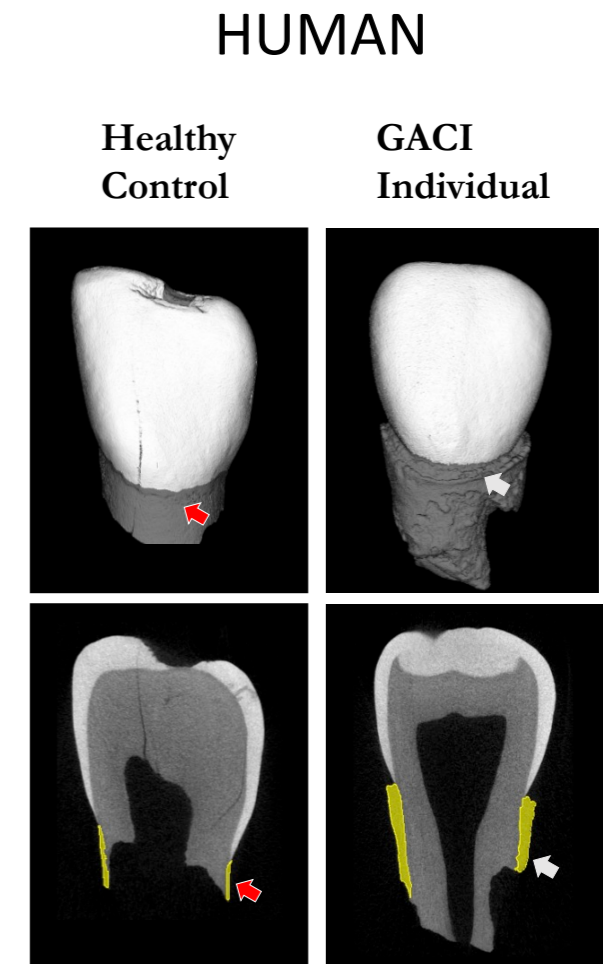


**PETRAGEN**

Backup slides

# WHY PERIODONTAL DISEASE? WELL THIS PROBLEM FOUND US

- Dr. Braddock's lab had been focused on an ENPP1-mutated rare disease called GACI which leads to significant calcification of the heart and arteries
- His work led to the founding and funding of Inozyme, now a public company (July 2020) with over \$250m in investor funding
- It also led to the discovery that GACI patients had very thick cementum around their teeth which led to strong periodontal ligament (gum) attachment
- He believed this might be an interesting solution for periodontal disease and brought in the dental experts at the NIH to test the hypothesis and help develop a therapeutic





# ARESTIN “EFFICACY” DATA FROM PIVOTAL STUDIES

## LOW REGULATORY AND COMPETITIVE BAR TO HURDLE

**Table 1:** Probing Pocket Depth at Baseline and Change in Pocket Depth at 9 Months From 2 Multicenter US Clinical Trials

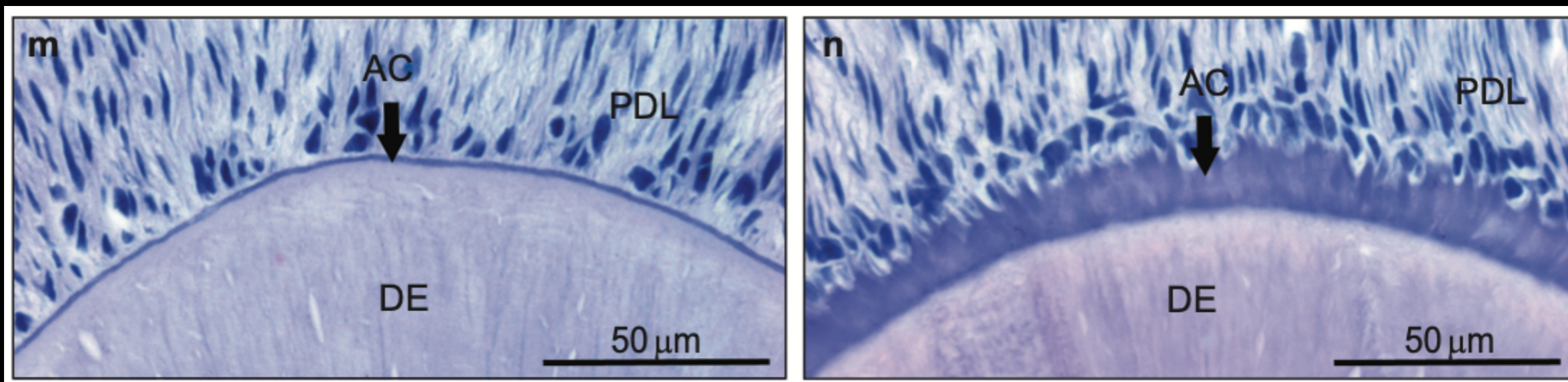
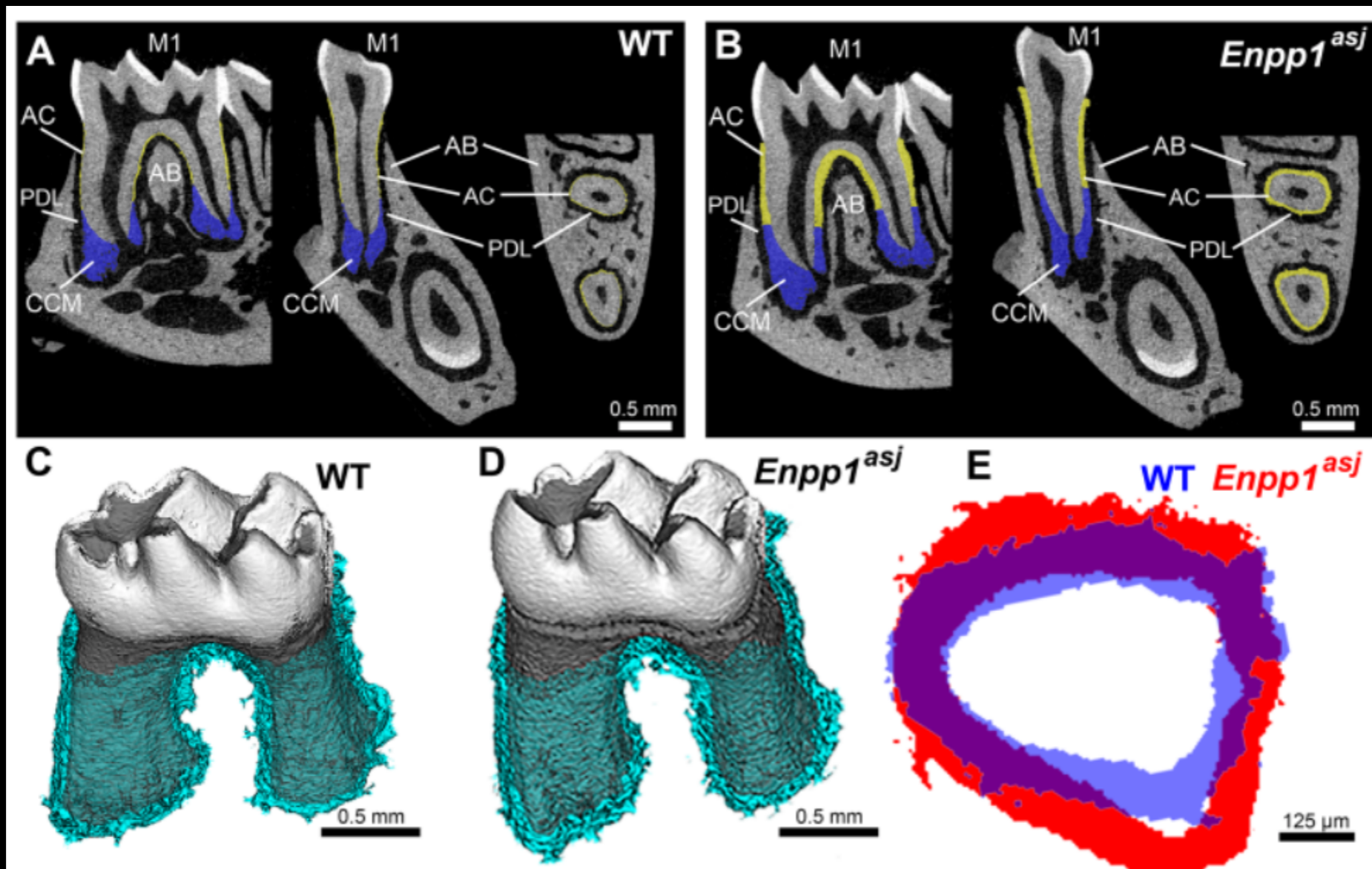
Time	Study OPI-103A (N=368)			Study OPI-103B (N=380)		
	SRP+ Alone n=124	SRP+ Vehicle n=123	SRP+ ARESTIN® n=121	SRP Alone n=126	SRP + Vehicle n=126	SRP+ ARESTIN® n=128
PD (mm) at Baseline [Mean ± SE]	5.88 ±0.04	5.91 ±0.04	5.88 ±0.04	5.79 ±0.03	5.82 ±0.04	5.81 ±0.04
PD (mm) Change from Baseline at 9 Months [Mean ± SE]	-1.04 ±0.07	-0.90 ±0.54	-1.20*†† ±0.07	-1.32 ±0.07	-1.30 ±0.07	-1.63**†† ±0.07
	<b>Change over SRP Alone</b>			<b>0.16 mm</b>		
				<b>0.31 mm</b>		

SE = standard error; SRP = scaling and root planing; PD = pocket depth.

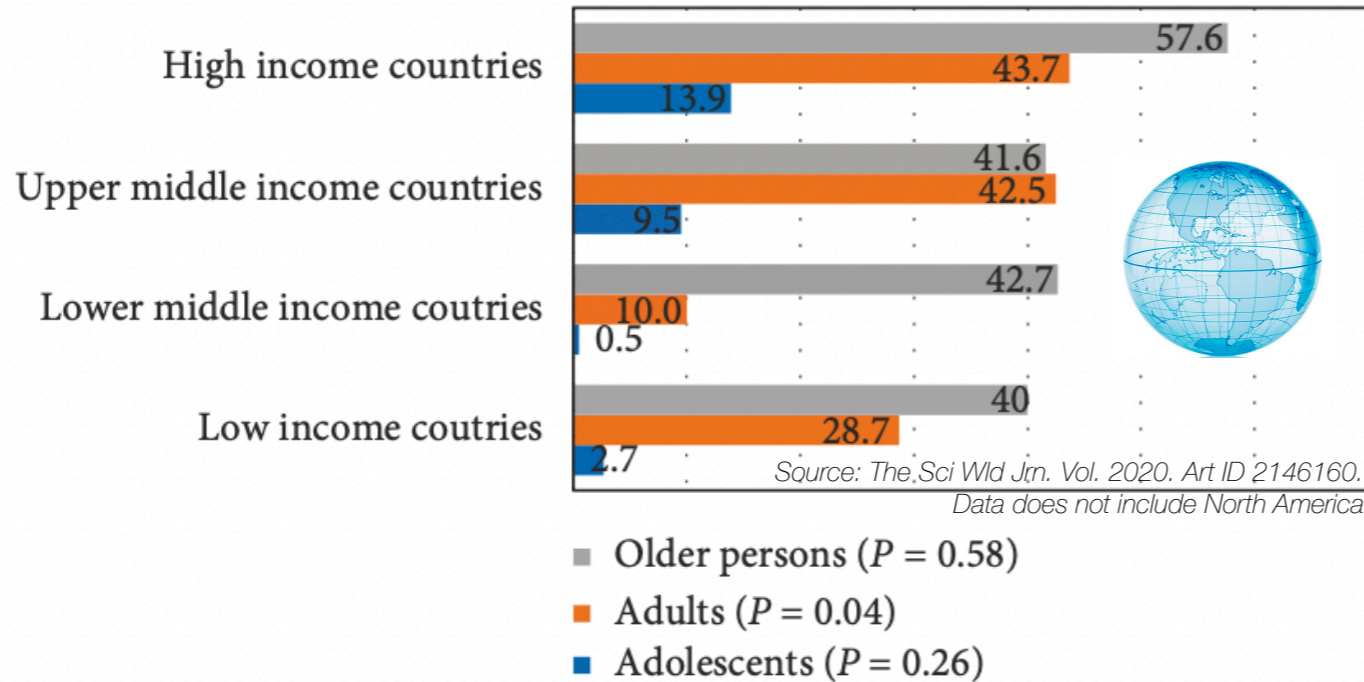
Significantly different from SRP \*( $P \leq 0.05$ ); \*\*( $P \leq 0.001$ ).

Significantly different from SRP + vehicle †( $P \leq 0.05$ ); ††( $P \leq 0.001$ ).

In these 2 studies, an average of 29.5 (5-114), 31.7 (4-137), and 31 (5-108) sites were treated at baseline in the SRP alone, SRP + vehicle, and SRP + ARESTIN® groups, respectively. When these studies are combined, the mean pocket depth change at 9 months was -1.18 mm, -1.10 mm, and -1.42 mm for SRP alone, SRP + vehicle, and SRP + ARESTIN®, respectively.



# OPPORTUNITIES BEYOND THE U.S. HUMAN POPULATION



Globally the prevalence of moderate/severe periodontal disease is quite significant; India, the EU, China and South America represent large market opportunities

It is estimated that over 40 million dogs in the U.S. have periodontal disease, leading to a potential therapeutics market of over \$3 billion

Source: VCA Hospitals reports.

